

Sri H. V. KOUJALGI.—So far as this committee is concerned; it is not illegal or against any rules. Government can constitute a Special Committee and this will be an advisory committee. On the advice of this committee the lands will be granted as per the Land Grant Rules by the revenue authorities. A special representation has been made by so many members of the district that the MLAs and MLCs of the district also should be included in this committee. Also a suggestion has been made by the hon. Member Sri Jayaprakash Narayan that special representation for Harijans should be made on this committee. The Government is considering these suggestions.

(Several members rose)

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—I will allow half-an-hour discussion on this Question if a notice is sent to me.

Sri H. SIDDAVEERAPPA.—Sir, you have seen the intensity of the feeling of this House so far as this land grant is concerned. This has reached the ears of the country that these people have taken special powers only with a view to see that the entire land is grabbed to their advantage and that they want to utilize it during elections. We have made this clear. Even now will the pious Revenue Minister be pleased to reconsider the case and not allow himself to fall a prey to the machinations of some of these people?

Sri H. V. KOUJALGI.—Sir, I have already informed the House that some representations have been made to include hon. Members of that district and the matter is under active consideration of the Government. Now that the question has come up and I have come to know the sense of the House, it will be considered. I do not many allegations are made.

Solving Unemployment Problems

194. **Sri B. P. GANGADHAR (Tumkur)**.—

Will the Minister for Law, Labour and Parliamentary Affairs be pleased to state:—

(a) the total number of Employment Exchange offices operating in the state;

(b) the number of persons who have registered their names in the said employment exchange offices up-to-date (Districtwise details furnishing particulars of as to the number of persons in the following categories;

- (1) skilled and unskilled;
- (2) educated and uneducated;
- (3) technical and non-technical may be supplied;

(c) the number of persons so far provided with employment by these offices ;

(d) whether it has come to the notice of Government that in spite of such offices the unemployment problem is on the increase ;

(e) whether the Government has any programme to solve the un-employment problem in the State ;

(f) if so, the details of the same ;

(g) if not, whether Government has any proposal before it to take immediate steps to solve this problem ?

SRI M. RAJASHEKARA MURTHY (Minister for Industries, Information and Publicity) [On behalf of SRI K. PUTTASWAMY (Minister for Law, Labour and Parliamentary Affairs)].—

(a) Twenty-one.

(b) There were 2,25,154 applicants awaiting employment assistance on the registers of all exchanges in the State as on the 30th June 1970.

Exchangewise break up of the applicants on the live register according to the educational qualifications is furnished in the statement appended.

(c) 13,232 applicants were placed during the year 1-7-1969 to 30-6-1970.

(d) the purpose of Employment exchanges is to register the names of employment seekers for sponsoring their names to employers. As such the offices of the Employment exchanges cannot themselves generate employment opportunities.

(e), (f) and (g) : Generation of Employment is the normal consequence of economic activity which in turn calls for investment. In the Context of growing unemployment, investment has to be directed to sectors which have high potential for employment.

Specifically, Government have sanctioned a Scheme of Relief and Assistance on a pay for work basis. This scheme covers all graduates and technical Diploma holders. In addition, a State Stipendiary Scheme has been sanctioned to enable Engineering Graduates and Diploma Holders to gain practical experience by Working in Industrial Establishments.

Apart from these two special measures, Government have extended certain facilities and concessions to assist the educated unemployed. These have been described in the Brochure whose copies have been made available to Hon'ble Members during the Budget Session.

(SRI M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY)

STATEMENT

Showing the Break up of applicants on the Live Registers of the Employment Exchanges in the State according to Educational Qualifications of the applicants as on the 30th June 1970.

Sl. No.	Name of the Exchange	Live Register							
		Post Graduates	Graduates	Diploma holders	ITI and Apprenticeship	Matriculates	Unskilled		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
1.	Sub-Regional Employment Exchange, Bangalore	...	2,122	2,474	1,548	28,384	25,542		
2.	District Employment Exchange, Belgaum	...	499	225	137	6,517	6,940		
3.	" Bellary	...	186	171	69	2,771	1,981		
4.	" Bidar	...	103	102	55	1,746	1,286		
5.	" Bijapur	...	348	197	32	6,913	917		
6.	" Chickmagalur	...	76	88	6	2,31,	1,829		
7.	" Chitradurga	...	234	249	60	3,302	4,056		
8.	" Hassan	...	215	160	51	3,276	3,302		
9.	" Hubli	...	613	320	130	8,134	6,894		
10	" Gulbarga	...	198	334	81	4,429	2,509		

11.	"	Kolar	458	278	441	5,000	10,455
12.	"	Karwar	267	51	5	4,215	2,128
13.	"	Mercara	146	26	104	2,236	728
14.	"	Mangalore	495	276	151	8,275	3,169
15.	"	Mysore	631	325	140	6,170	6,594
16.	"	Mandya	124	144	35	2,555	2,840
17.	"	Raichur	111	104	69	3,117	1,743
18.	"	Shimoga	332	452	122	5,025	6,849
19.	"	Tumkur	223	103	11	4,201	5,531
20.	Special Employment Exchange for Physically Handicapped, Bangalore.		21	6	5	190	232
21.	Professional and Executive Employment Exchange, Bangalore		885
Total			885	10,318	3,252	108,792	95,525

Sri B. P. GANGADHAR.—It is stated that 2,25,154 applicants are there and employment is provided to only 13,000 up to end of 30th June 1970. By this time, the number may be more than 3 lakhs. If employments are made at such a slow pace, when do Government provide employment for all these people?

† **Sri M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY.**—It depends upon the industrial activities elsewhere.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಪಿ. ಗಂಗಾಧರ.—ತುಮಕೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಮಾರು 223 ಗ್ರಾಜುಯೇಟ್ಸ್, ಡಿಪ್ಲೊಮಾ ಕೋಲ್ಡರುಗಳು, ಮೆಟ್ರಿಕ್ಯುಲೇಟ್ಸ್ ಎರ್ರಾ ಸೇರಿ ಸುಮಾರು 15 ಸಾವಿರ ಜನ ನಿರುದ್ಯೋಗಿಗಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದು ದುರ್ಬಿಕ್ಷದ ಪ್ರದೇಶ, ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಕೈಗಾರಿಕೆ ಕೂಡ ಇಲ್ಲ, ಜನರಿಗೆ ಕೆಲಸ ದೊರೆಯುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದ್ದರಿಂದ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಕೈಗಾರಿಕೆಯನ್ನಾದರೂ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಒದಗಿಸಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡುವಿರಾ ?

Sri M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY.—Sir, it is a very difficult problem. Unemployment question is assuming a serious proportion in this country, not only here but even elsewhere. Unless there are heavy industries, more number of industries come up, it is impossible to solve this problem. More number of students are coming out of the Colleges every year and the population is increasing. It is difficult to employ all the people. Government have approved certain schemes and will try to solve the problem as early as possible.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಪಿ. ಗಂಗಾಧರ.—ಕೈಗಾರಿಕೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸುವ ವಿಚಾರ ಹೇಳಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY.—If it is possible, we will try.

ಶ್ರೀ ವಾಟಾಳ್ ನಾಗರಾಜ್.—ಈಗ ಎಂಪ್ಲಾಯಮೆಂಟ್ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಫೋಂಜಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಪರಭಾಷೆಯವರನ್ನು ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟರ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಕನ್ನಡ ಕೆಲಸ ಒದಿ ಬರೆಯಲು ಬರುವವರನ್ನೇ ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟರ್ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ರಾಜಶೇಖರಮೂರ್ತಿ.—ಆ ರೀತಿ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. Everybody who is living in the State is entitled to get employment. We will try to have other methods which will help local people to get employment.

ಶ್ರೀ ವಾಟಾಳ್ ನಾಗರಾಜ್.—ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡದಿದ್ದರೆ ಅನ್ಯಾಯವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈಗ ಬರೀ ಬೇರೆ ಭಾಷೆ ಮಾತನಾಡುವವರಿಗೇ ಕೆಲಸ ಸಿಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಸ್ಥಳದವರಿಗೇ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಕನ್ನಡ ಬರುವವರಿಗೇ ಕೊಡುವುದು ಅವಶ್ಯಕ. ನಮ್ಮ ನಾಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬಡವರೇ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ನಾನು ಹೇಳಿದಂತೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶ ಕೊಡಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ರಾಜಶೇಖರಮೂರ್ತಿ.—ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾನೂನು ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ, ಇನ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಕ್‌ಷನ್ಸ್ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಎಂ. ನಾರಾಯಣಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಕೋಲಾರ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಮಾರು 5 ಸಾವಿರ ಜನ ಮೆಟ್ರಿಕ್ಯುಲೇಟ್ಸ್ ಮತ್ತಿತರರು ಕೆಲಸವಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಇದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರಿಗೆ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಒದಗಿಸಲು ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಕೊಂಡಿರುವಿರಾ ? ಇಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೆ ಕೈಕೊಳ್ಳುವಿರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ರಾಜಶೇಖರಮೂರ್ತಿ.—ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾರತ್ ಆರ್ಟ್ ಮೂವರ್ಸ್ ಕಾರ್ಖಾನೆ ಇದೆ, ಅದನ್ನು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿದಮೇಲೆ ಅನೇಕರಿಗೆ ಕೆಲಸದೊರೆತಿದೆ. ಔದ್ಯೋಗಿಕ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ನೋಡಿದರೆ ಕೋಲಾರದವರಿಗೇ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಕೆಲಸ ದೊರೆತಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಎಲ್. ನಾರಾಯಣಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಭಾರತ್ ಅರ್ತ್ ಮೂವರ್ಸ್ ಕಾರ್ಪೊರೇಷನ್‌ನು ಡಿಫೆನ್ಸ್‌ಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅದು ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ವಿನಿಮಯ ಕೇಂದ್ರದ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿಗೆ ಒಳಪಡುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಸ್ಟೇಟ್‌ನು ಸಾರ ವರ್ತಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಈ ರೀತಿ ಸರಕಾರದವರೇ ವರದಿಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದರ ಮೇಲೆ ನು ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಕೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗಿದೆ ?

Sri M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY.—I do not agree with the hon. Member that they are behaving in their own way. They have been following the procedure laid down in regard to appointments.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಎಲ್. ನಾರಾಯಣಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಭಾರತ್ ಅರ್ತ್ ಮೂವರ್ಸ್ ನಮ್ಮ ಕಾನೂನಿಗೆ ಒಳಪಡುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ತರಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅದರೂ ಕ್ರಮವನ್ನೇಕೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿಲ್ಲ ?

Sri M. RAJASEKHARA MURTHY.—Sir, I have already replied that question.

Aquarium in Bangalore

199. Sri H. PUTTADASA (Sathnoor).—

Will the Minister of State for Fisheries and Ports be pleased to state:—

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to locate one Aquarium in Bangalore ;

(b) if so, the estimated cost of the same ;

(c) the date from which it is proposed to be started ?

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY (Minister of State for Fisheries and Ports).—

(a) Yes.

(b) Approximately Rs. 1.37 lakhs.

(c) As soon as the building in which the aquarium is proposed to be located is available and the necessary equipment is obtained and installed.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಪುಟ್ಟದಾಸ.—ಈ ಆಕ್ವೇರಿಯನ್ನು ಯಾವ ಕಟ್ಟಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದಿದ್ದೀರಿ ? ಹೊಸದಾಗಿ ಏನಾದರೂ ಕಟ್ಟಡ ಕಟ್ಟಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಪಡುವಿರಾ ?

† ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಸಿ. ಲಿಂಗಾರೆಡ್ಡಿ.—ಕಬ್ಬನ್ ಪಾರ್ಕ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಕ್ಟೋರಿಯಾ ಎಂಟು ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ಸುಂದರವಾದ ಸುಭದ್ರವಾದ ಕಟ್ಟಡವಿದೆ, ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಆಕ್ವೇರಿಯಂ ನಡೆಸುವುದು ಬಹಳ ಯೋಗ್ಯವೆಂದು ಉದ್ದೇಶಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಹೊಸದಾಗಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡ ಕಟ್ಟಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಕೆಲವು ದಿವಸ ವಾಗುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ವೆಚ್ಚವಾಗುವುದು. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಕೂಡ ಒಪ್ಪಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಪುಟ್ಟದಾಸ.—ಈ ಪ್ರಪೋಸ್ಡ್ ಆಕ್ವೇರಿಯಂ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಆಕರ್ಷಣೀಯವನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಲು ತಜ್ಞರ ಆಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗಿದೆಯೇ ? ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದರೆ ಆ ತಜ್ಞರು ಯಾರು ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಸಿ. ಲಿಂಗಾರೆಡ್ಡಿ.—ಫಿಷರಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ತಜ್ಞರು ಇದ್ದಾರೆ, ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟ್ ಆರ್ಕಿಟೆಕ್ಟ್ ಇದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅನೇಕ ಪ್ರಪೋಸ್ಡ್ ಇದ್ದವು. ಬೊಂಬಾಯಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆ ಡೆವಲಪ್ ಆಗಿದೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ನಹ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗಿದೆ.